

GENERAL CARE AND CLEANING GUIDE C1

for curtain/drape and bedspread fabrics - Machine washable fabrics



Please refer to the pattern book/card for information relating to individual designs.

TEMPERATURE GUIDE

100% Trevira CS fabrics	max. $60^{\circ}C/140^{\circ}F^{*}$ (or as stated on the pattern book)
blended Trevira fabrics	cool wash, max. 30°C/86°F
FR polyester Dimout fabrics	max. 71°C/160°F degrees* (or as stated on the pattern book)
	*machine washing at high temperature may affect certain surface finishes but will not compromise dimensional stability BS EN ISO 3759 : 2011 (BS EN ISO 6330: 2012),
	FR performace or colour fastness.

- 1. Use appropriate non-ionic detergent or washing powder.
- 2. Be careful not to exceed recommended temperature.
- 3. Wash fabric on a regular basis to prevent excessive soil build up. Heavy soiling not only affects the visual appearance of the fabric but a surface build up can, in some cases, affect FR performance.
- 4. Do not overload machines, an increase in friction can cause premature wear and colour loss. Recommended max machine load 65%.
- 5. Do not mix synthetic fibre loads with natural fibre loads, this can result in premature wear and colour loss due to friction.
- 6. Do not tumble dry unless stated otherwise on the pattern book/card.
- 7. Allow +/- 3% shrinkage after first wash.

Here are some general rules to follow for regular care:

- 1. Avoid contact with strong heat.
- 2. Regularly brush using a soft headed brush or gently vacuum to remove normal dust and dirt before it becomes embedded in the fabric.
- 3. Deal with stains right away. The longer stains are allowed to remain the more difficult they are to remove. In most cases a clean absorbent cloth, facial tissue or sponge can be used to blot up spot staining taking care not to rub the stain deeper into the fabric.
- 4. For solid or semi-solid spills (eg butter) remove excess by gently lifting off with a blunt knife or spatula, then take appropriate cleaning action.
- 5. IMPORTANT: When dealing with any stain it is important to always test an inconspicuous area of the fabric first to ensure the treatment will not permanently damage the fabric.

If in any doubt and for serious soiling and staining seek specialist cleaning advice.